Colorado State University – Pueblo Academic Program Assessment Report for AY 2014-2	Colorado State Universit	– Pueblo Academic	Program Assessment	Report for AY 2014-20
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Due: June 1, 2015

Date: June 1, 2015

Program: \_\_\_\_\_General Education \_\_\_\_\_\_

Completed by:\_\_\_\_Helen Caprioglio\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Assessment contributors (other faculty involved in this program's assessment):** General Education Board Members

Please complete this form for each undergraduate, minor, certificate, and graduate program (e.g., B.A., B.S., M.S.) in your department. Please copy any addenda (e.g., rubrics) and paste them in this document, and submit it to the dean of your college/school as per the deadline established. The dean will forward it to me as an email attachment before June 2, 2015. You'll also find the form at the assessment website at http://www.colostate-pueblo.edu/Assessment/ResultsAndReports/Pages/default.aspx.

Please describe the 2014-2015 assessment activities for the program in Part I. Use Column H to describe improvements planned for 2015-2016 based on the assessment process. In Part II, please describe activities engaged in during 2014-2015 designed to close-the-loop (improve the program) based on assessment activities and the information gathered in 2013-2014. Thank you.

A. Which of the program SLOs were assessed during this cycle? Please include the outcome(s) verbatim from the assessment plan.	B. When was this SLO last assessed? Please indicate the semester and year.	C. What method was used for assessing the SLO? Please include a copy of any rubrics used in the assessment process.	D. Who was assessed? Please fully describe the student group(s) and the number of students or artifacts involved.	E. What is the expected achievement level and how many or what proportion of students should be at it?	F. What were the results of the assessment?	G. What were the department's conclusions about student performance?	H. What changes/improvements to the <u>program</u> are planned based on this assessment?
Communication (Use the English language to communicate with clarity, coherence and persuasiveness, demonstrating critical analysis, logic, precision and rhetorical awareness.) Critical Thinking (Identify, analyze and evaluate arguments and sources of information to make informed and logical	Spring 2012	NSSE survey (Specific question numbers are listed for each SLO on the assessment plan, but NSSE numbering has changed.)	NSSE was administered to 189 First Year students and 196 Seniors. A random sample was contacted and response rates were 19% (Fr) and 23% (Sr).	Students are expected to on average have NSSE engagement levels at or above students at our peer institutions.	All NSSE survey engagement indicators reported at significantly higher or not significantly different compared to our peers, our IPEDS/ Carnegie class and all NSSE participants for both First year students and Seniors.	CSUP students are well engaged in all areas of the NSSE survey (Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty and Campus Environment)	A reevaluation and update of the assessment plan is planned as part of continual improvement. A more thorough analysis of data will be done with general education faculty. College faculty could be consulted concerning performance patterns of their majors.

I. Program student learning outcomes (SLOs) assessed in this cycle, processes, results, and recommendations.

judgments, to			
arrive at			
reasoned and			
meaningful			
arguments and			
positions, and to			
formulate and			
apply ideas to			
new contexts.)			
Diversity and			
Social			
Responsibility			
(Articulate the			
nature of a			
multicultural			
society and			
recognize the role			
of aesthetic			
awareness,			
foreign language			
skills, cultural and			
social			
perspectives or			
human and			
institutional			
systems of the			
past and present.)			
Personal Values			
and Ethics			
(Clarify and			
evaluate their			
own values and			

ethical conduct and analyze the values and ethical conduct of							
others.)							
Quantitative Reasoning (Apply numeric, symbolic and geometric skills to formulate and solve quantitative problems.)	Spring 2012	NSSE survey Quantitative Reasoning engagement factor	NSSE was administered to 189 First Year students and 196 Seniors. A random sample was contacted and response rates were 19% (Fr) and 23% (Sr).	Students are expected to on average have NSSE engagement levels at or above students at our peer institutions.	NSSE: CSUP Freshman engagement in this area was <u>significantly</u> higher than our peers, our IPEDS/ Carnegie class and overall. Senior engagement was <u>significantly</u> higher than our peers but similar to our IPEDS/ Carnegie class and overall.	CSUP students are highly engaged in quantitative reasoning. Current practices supporting this SLO should be continued and supported.	A reevaluation and update of the assessment plan is planned as part of continual improvement. A more thorough analysis of data will be done with general education faculty. Perhaps to determine if similar successful strategies can be applied to other SLOs.
Four of the SLOs: Communication, Critical Thinking, Quantitative Reasoning, & Scientific Reasoning: (Apply the scientific	Spring 2012	CAT 2013	CAT was administered to 200 mostly senior (97.5%) students who have completed Gen Ed	Students as a group are expected to perform at or above the peer mean CAT in normed assessments.	In CAT students scored higher overall and within each college than the previous CSUP 2009 CAT assessment. All individual	Our students are doing well and showing improvement on most CAT measured items. The one area	Continual discussion regarding improvements to focus on GenEd SLOs will maintain our positive trend. College discussions regarding progress of

method,	coursework.	questions but 1	that might	their majors and Gen
laboratory		had a higher	warrant	ed outcomes taught in
techniques,		score than	attention since	the college is
mathematical		previous. Our	we did not show	suggested. There are
principles and/or		mean overall	improvement	differences between
experimental		score of 18.50	over 2009	colleges.
design.)		was near the	scores relates to	
		national mean	students' ability	
		of 19.04.	to "Use and	
		Nearly half	apply relevant	
		(7/15) of the	information to	
		question	evaluate a	
		means scored	problem."	
		at or above the		
		national		
		means.		

Comments: A major update to the General Education assessment plan will be neccessary in 2015-16 due to changes in the format and content of the national survey instruments.

II. Follow-up (closing the loop) on results and activities from previous assessment cycles. In this section, please describe actions taken during this cycle that were based on, or implemented to address, the results of assessment from previous cycles.

A. What SLO(s)	B. When was this	C. What were the	D. Were the	E. What were the results of the
did you address?	SLO last assessed?	recommendations for change	recommendations for	changes? If the changes were not
Please include	Please indicate the	from the previous	change acted upon? If not,	effective, what are the next steps or
the outcome(s)	semester and year.	assessment?	why?	the new recommendations?
verbatim from				
the assessment				
plan.				

Comments: Due to changes in personnel little general education assessment activity occurred in 2014-15.



Colorado State University-Pueblo



### About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
5	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions Supportive Environment

#### **Report sections**

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons
	Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions
	Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.
	Summary of Indicator Items
	Responses to each item in a given EI are displayed for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2013 and 2014 participating institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

### Interpreting comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. An effect size of .2 is generally considered small, .5 medium, and .8 large. Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

*Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions,* like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how EI scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

### How Engagement Indicators are computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE Web site: nsse.iub.edu



Overview

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p<.05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\triangle$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p<.05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly lower (p<.05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Your students' average** was significantly lower (p<.05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

lents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Engagement Indicator	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Higher-Order Learning	$\Delta$		
Reflective & Integrative Learning	$\Delta$	Δ	Δ
Learning Strategies			
Quantitative Reasoning			
Collaborative Learning	Δ		
Discussions with Diverse Others			
Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ		
Effective Teaching Practices			
Quality of Interactions			
Supportive Environment			
	Engagement IndicatorHigher-Order LearningReflective & Integrative LearningLearning StrategiesQuantitative ReasoningCollaborative LearningDiscussions with Diverse OthersStudent-Faculty InteractionEffective Teaching PracticesQuality of Interactions	Engagement Indicator       Compared with         Engagement Indicator       Peers         Higher-Order Learning $\Delta$ Reflective & Integrative Learning $\Delta$ Learning Strategies          Quantitative Reasoning $\Delta$ Collaborative Learning $\Delta$ Discussions with Diverse Others          Student-Faculty Interaction $\Delta$ Effective Teaching Practices          Quality of Interactions	compared withEngagement IndicatorPeersIPEDS/Carnegie ClassHigher-Order Learning $\Delta$ Reflective & Integrative Learning $\Delta$ $\Delta$ Learning StrategiesQuantitative Reasoning $\Delta$ Collaborative Learning $\Delta$ Discussions with Diverse OthersStudent-Faculty Interaction $\Delta$ Effective Teaching PracticesQuality of Interactions

niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning	Δ		
earning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			



**Academic Challenge** 

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### Academic Challenge: First-year students

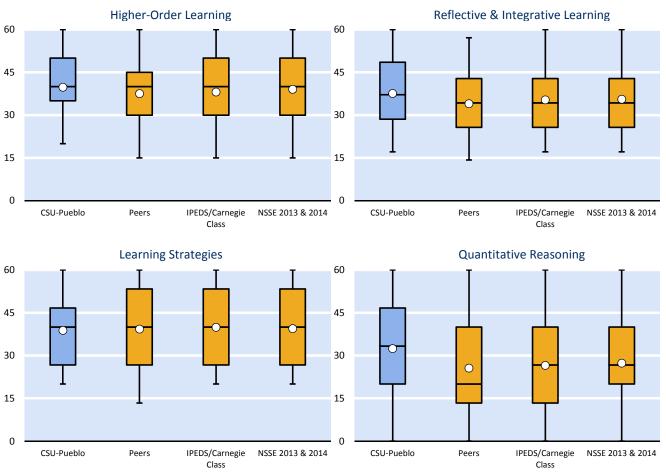
Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

### Mean Comparisons

vican compansons		Your first-year students compared with					
	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014			
		Effect	Effect	Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size			
Higher-Order Learning	39.8	37.5 * .16	38.1 .12	39.0 .05			
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.6	34.0 *** .29	35.4 * .18	35.6 * .16			
Learning Strategies	38.8	39.303	39.908	39.505			
Quantitative Reasoning	32.5	25.6 *** .41	26.6 *** .36	27.3 *** .31			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

**Colorado State University-Pueblo** 

# Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Higher-Order Learning	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	77	70	69	73
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	76	69	68	72
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	76	67	69	70
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	73	65	68	69
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	61	53	55	56
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	56	48	52	53
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	53	47	49	50
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	70	60	63	63
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	69	63	67	66
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	76	61	64	65
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	80	73	77	77
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	76	78	79	80
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	68	68	69	65
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	64	60	64	63
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	61	47	49	52
<ul><li>6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)</li></ul>	50	35	37	38
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	47	34	35	37



**Academic Challenge** 

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

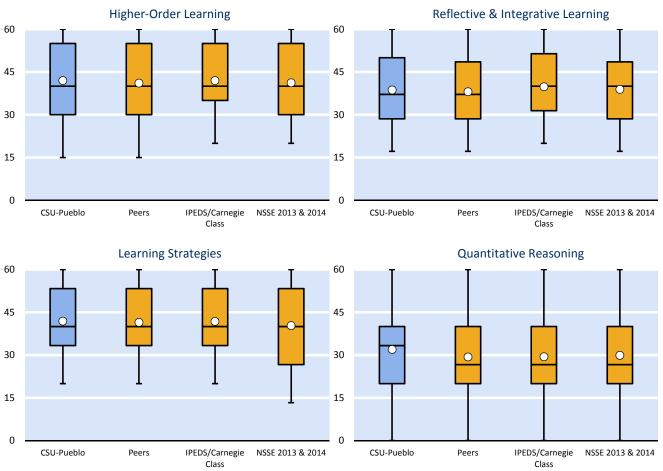
Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

### **Mean Comparisons**

		Your seniors compared with							
	CSU-Pueblo	SU-Pueblo Peers		IPEDS/Car	negie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014			
			Effect		Effect		Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size		
Higher-Order Learning	42.0	41.1	.06	42.0	.00	41.2	.06		
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.7	38.1	.05	39.8	08	38.9	02		
Learning Strategies	41.9	41.5	.03	41.8	.01	40.3	.11		
Quantitative Reasoning	32.0	29.4 *	.15	29.4	.15	29.9	.12		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

**Colorado State University-Pueblo** 

## Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Higher-Order Learning	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	77	81	79	80
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	77	76	79	78
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	72	72	75	72
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	75	72	74	72
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	79	70	72	72
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	59	62	66	64
<ol> <li>Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments</li> </ol>	51	54	60	55
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	63	65	69	66
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	69	69	73	70
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	71	67	70	70
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	80	83	85	84
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	81	84	85	83
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	70	69	68	63
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	70	68	71	66
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	61	53	53	55
<ul><li>6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)</li></ul>	45	44	44	44
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	51	43	42	44



**Learning with Peers** 

**Colorado State University-Pueblo** 

### Learning with Peers: First-year students

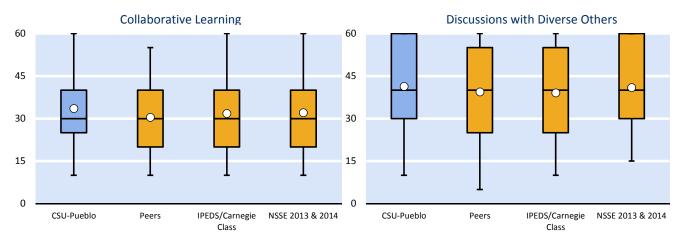
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

viean compansons		Your first-year students compared with							
	CSU-Pueblo	Pee	Peers		IPEDS/Carnegie Class		)13 & 2014		
			Effect		Effect		Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size		
Collaborative Learning	33.5	30.4 **	.23	31.7	.13	32.1	.10		
Discussions with Diverse Others	41.3	39.4	.11	39.0	.14	40.9	.03		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Collaborative Learning	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	54	47	48	49
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	65	55	56	57
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	50	43	47	49
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	53	49	52	52
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	79	68	67	71
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	76	70	70	73
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	67	67	65	69
8d. People with political views other than your own	67	67	65	69



**Learning with Peers** 

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

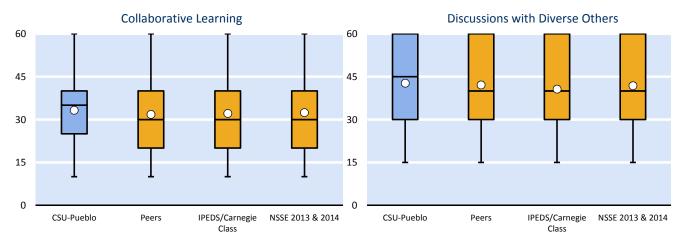
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

viean compansons		Your seniors compared with						
	CSU-Pueblo	Pueblo Peers		IPEDS/Carnegie Class		NSSE 2013 & 2014		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	33.3	31.8	.10	32.1	.08	32.4	.06	
Discussions with Diverse Others	42.8	42.1	.04	40.6	.13	41.8	.06	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Collaborative Learning	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	46	39	39	40
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	63	57	59	58
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	50	43	46	46
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	64	62	60	64
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	75	74	68	73
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	67	75	72	75
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	73	71	67	70
8d. People with political views other than your own	72	74	70	71



**Experiences with Faculty** 

**Colorado State University-Pueblo** 

### **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

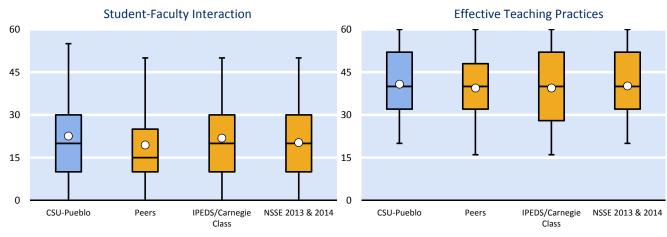
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

		Your first-year students compared with							
	CSU-Pueblo Peers			IPEDS/Carnegie Class		NSSE 2013 & 2014			
			Effect		Effect		Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size		
Student-Faculty Interaction	22.6	19.4 *	.21	21.8	.05	20.3	.16		
Effective Teaching Practices	40.8	39.4	.10	39.4	.10	40.2	.05		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Student-Faculty Interaction	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	42	32	36	32
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	23	17	21	19
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	31	22	28	25
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	37	27	34	29
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	80	80	77	81
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	80	79	75	79
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	81	76	74	77
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	70	64	64	65
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	66	63	62	63



Experiences with Faculty

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Experiences with Faculty: Seniors**

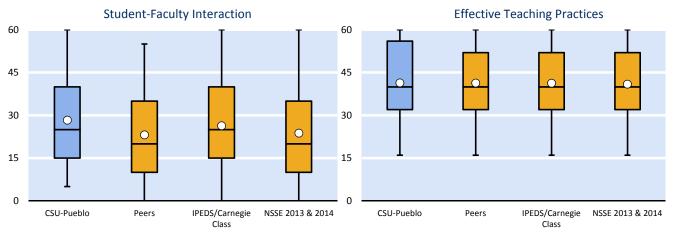
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

		Your seniors compared with							
	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	Peers		IPEDS/Carnegie Class		& 2014		
		l	Effect		Effect		Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size		
Student-Faculty Interaction	28.3	23.1 ***	.32	26.3	.12	23.7 ***	.28		
Effective Teaching Practices	41.4	41.3	.01	41.2	.01	40.9	.03		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Student-Faculty Interaction	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	IPEDS/Carnegie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	55	41	48	42
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	36	23	29	26
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	44	32	38	33
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	45	33	42	33
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	80	82	81	83
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	84	80	80	81
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	78	80	77	79
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	64	63	66	62
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	68	69	69	67



**Campus Environment** 

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Campus Environment: First-year students**

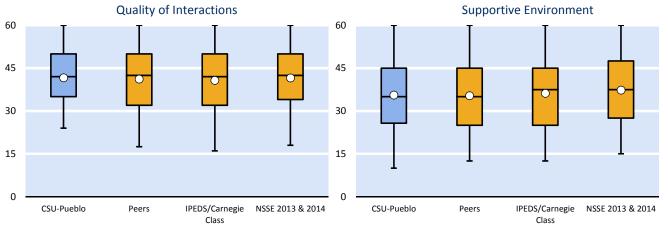
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Quality of Interactions and Supportive Environment. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### Mean Comparisons

lean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	CSU-Pueblo	Peers		IPEDS/Carnegie Class		NSSE 2013 & 2014		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	41.6	41.1	.04	40.7	.07	41.5	.01	
Supportive Environment	35.6	35.3	.02	36.2	04	37.3	13	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Summary of malcator rems			IPEDS/Carnegie	NSSE 2013 &
Quality of Interactions	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	Class	2014
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	52	56	54	59
13b. Academic advisors	56	50	48	48
13c. Faculty	44	49	48	50
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	42	44	43	43
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	36	43	42	41
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	76	76	76	78
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	73	78	76	78
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	52	54	56	59
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	72	68	71	73
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	68	66	67	72
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	36	38	42	44
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	68	63	66	68
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	48	46	50	53



**Campus Environment** 

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Campus Environment: Seniors**

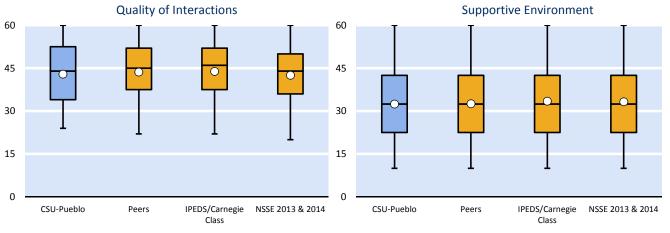
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Quality of Interactions and Supportive Environment. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### Mean Comparisons

ean Comparisons				Your seniors co	ompared with			
	CSU-Pueblo	Peers		IPEDS/Car	negie Class	NSSE 2013 & 2014		
Engagement Indicator			Effect		Effect		Effect	
	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	42.9	43.6	06	43.8	08	42.5	.03	
Supportive Environment	32.4	32.5	01	33.4	07	33.3	06	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Summary of mulcator items			IPEDS/Carnegie	NSSE 2013 &
Quality of Interactions	CSU-Pueblo	Peers	Class	2014
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	61	64	64	64
13b. Academic advisors	63	56	61	52
13c. Faculty	58	63	63	60
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	43	45	46	42
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	45	48	47	42
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	69	72	75	72
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	68	67	68	67
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	54	52	54	53
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	65	64	66	66
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	60	61	62	63
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	27	28	33	32
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	58	53	56	57
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	45	45	47	46

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Colorado State University-Pueblo

### Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

The results below compare the engagement of your first-year and senior students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE<sup>a</sup> for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2013 and 2014 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2013 and 2014 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable<sup>b</sup> to that of the high-performing group. However, the absence of a significant difference between your score and that of the high-performing group does not mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students		Your first-year students compared with								
		CSU-Pueblo	Pueblo NSSE Top 50%				NSSE Top 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$			
	Higher-Order Learning	39.8	40.6	06	$\checkmark$	42.7 **	22				
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.6	37.3	.02	$\checkmark$	39.3	13				
Challenge	Learning Strategies	38.8	41.2 *	17		43.4 ***	33				
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.5	28.8 **	.23	$\checkmark$	30.6	.11	$\checkmark$			
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.5	34.7	09	1	37.0 ***	26				
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	41.3	43.2	12		45.6 ***	29				
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	22.6	23.3	05	√	26.9 ***	27				
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.8	42.4	12		44.6 ***	29				
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.6	44.0 **	21		46.0 ***	38				
Environment	Supportive Environment	35.6	39.4 ***	29		41.4 ***	45				

Seniors				mpared with			
		CSU-Pueblo	NSSE	Тор 50%	NSSE Top 10%		
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size 🖌	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$
	Higher-Order Learning	42.0	43.3	09 🗸	45.3 **	24	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.7	41.1 *	19	43.1 ***	35	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	41.9	42.5	04 🗸	44.9 **	21	
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.0	31.3	.04 🗸	33.0	06	$\checkmark$
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.3	35.4 *	15	37.7 ***	33	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	42.8	43.9	08 🗸	45.8 *	20	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	28.3	29.5	08 🗸	34.4 ***	37	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	41.4	43.0	12	45.1 ***	28	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.9	45.3 **	21	47.4 ***	38	
Environment	Supportive Environment	32.4	36.1 ***	27	39.0 ***	49	

Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); \*p<.05, \*\*p<.01, \*\*\*p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2013 and 2014 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

# **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

Betanea Statistics: 115t	icui	0101											
	Mean statistics				Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores					Comparison results			
		SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	<b>5</b> +6	2544	5044	7544	05+6	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>	
Academic Challenge	Mean	30	SEIVI	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Jieedom	uŋj.	Siy.	5120	
Higher-Order Learning													
CSU-Pueblo (N = 174)	39.8	12.5	.95	20	35	40	50	60					
Peers	37.5	12.5	.32	20 15	30	40	45	60	215	2.2	.026	.160	
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	37.5	14.1	.52	15 15	30 30	40	43 50	60 60	213 197	1.7	.020	.100	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	39.0	14.5	.23	15	30 30	40	50 50	60	197	.7	.092	.051	
		13.6	.03		30 30	40	50 50		173	. / 8	.432		
Top 50%	40.6			20 20				60 60				061	
Top 10%	42.7	13.6	.10	20	35	40	55	60	177	-2.9	.002	216	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	ng												
CSU-Pueblo (N = $183$ )	37.6	12.4	.92	17	29	37	49	60					
Peers	34.0	12.5	.28	14	26	34	43	57	2,194	3.6	.000	.288	
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	35.4	12.7	.21	17	26	34	43	60	3,704	2.2	.021	.175	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	35.6	12.6	.03	17	26	34	43	60	196,072	2.0	.033	.158	
Top 50%	37.3	12.5	.04	17	29	37	46	60	93,404	.3	.777	.021	
Top 10%	39.3	12.6	.09	20	31	40	49	60	20,176	-1.7	.071	134	
Learning Strategies													
CSU-Pueblo (N = $174$ )	38.8	13.5	1.02	20	27	40	47	60					
Peers	39.3	14.5	.35	13	27	40	53	60	1,914	5	.672	034	
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	39.9	14.2	.25	20	27	40	53	60	3,289	-1.1	.331	076	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	39.5	14.2	.03	20	27	40	53	60	174,095	7	.543	046	
Top 50%	41.2	14.0	.05	20	33	40	53	60	82,125	-2.4	.023	172	
Top 10%	43.4	14.0	.11	20	33	40	60	60	17,532	-4.6	.000	329	
Quantitative Reasoning													
Quantitative Reasoning	20.5	17.0	1.20	0	20	22	47	(0)					
CSU-Pueblo (N = $183$ )	32.5	17.0	1.26	0	20	33	47	60	0.124	6.0	000	410	
Peers IPEDS/Carnegie Class	25.6	16.7	.38	0	13	20 27	40	60	2,134	6.9	.000	.412	
	26.6	16.4	.28	0	13		40	60 60	3,599	5.9	.000	.359	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	27.3	16.4	.04	0	20	27	40	60	190,912	5.1	.000	.311	
Top 50%	28.8	16.3	.05	0	20	27	40	60	119,438	3.7	.002	.226	
Top 10%	30.6	16.2	.10	0	20	27	40	60	27,232	1.8	.127	.113	
Learning with Peers													
Collaborative Learning													
CSU-Pueblo (N = $181$ )	33.5	13.4	1.00	10	25	30	40	60					
Peers	30.4	13.7	.30	10	20	30	40	55	2,241	3.1	.003	.228	
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	31.7	13.7	.23	10	20	30	40	60	3,814	1.8	.088	.130	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	32.1	14.1	.03	10	20	30	40	60	200,869	1.5	.163	.104	
Top 50%	34.7	13.7	.04	15	25	35	45	60	112,907	-1.2	.247	086	
Top 10%	37.0	13.6	.08	15	25	35	45	60	25,907	-3.5	.001	258	
Discussions with Diverse Other	s												
CSU-Pueblo (N = 176)	41.3	16.7	1.26	10	30	40	60	60					
Peers	39.4	17.2	.41	5	25	40	55	60	1,948	2.0	.149	.114	
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	39.0	16.6	.30	10	25	40	55	60	3,326	2.3	.079	.136	
NSSE 2013 & 2014	40.9	16.0	.04	10	30	40	60	60	176,254	.4	.729	.026	
Top 50%	43.2	15.4	.04	20	35	45	60	60	103,257	-1.9	.098	125	
Top 10%	45.6	14.8	.05	20 20	40	45 50	60	60	105,257	-4.3	.098	125	
100/10/0	<del>т</del> Э.0	17.0	.10	20	40	50	00	00	1//	5	.001	290	



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

### **Colorado State University-Pueblo**

### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores			Comparison results					
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 177$ )	22.6	16.0	1.20	0	10	20	30	55				
Peers	19.4	14.5	.33	0	10	15	25	50	203	3.1	.012	.215
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	21.8	15.0	.26	0	10	20	30	50	3,603	.7	.529	.049
NSSE 2013 & 2014	20.3	14.6	.03	0	10	20	30	50	176	2.3	.059	.157
Top 50%	23.3	15.0	.06	0	10	20	30	55	67,695	8	.499	051
Top 10%	26.9	16.2	.15	5	15	25	40	60	11,218	-4.4	.000	270
Effective Teaching Practices												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 183$ )	40.8	13.3	.98	20	32	40	52	60				
Peers	39.4	13.4	.30	16	32	40	48	60	2,169	1.4	.185	.103
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	39.4	14.0	.24	16	28	40	52	60	3,639	1.4	.192	.099
NSSE 2013 & 2014	40.2	13.3	.03	20	32	40	52	60	193,165	.6	.519	.048
Top 50%	42.4	13.2	.05	20	32	44	52	60	75,103	-1.6	.107	119
Top 10%	44.6	13.3	.11	20	36	44	56	60	15,122	-3.8	.000	289
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 173$ )	41.6	11.0	.84	24	35	42	50	60				
Peers	41.1	13.1	.32	18	32	43	50	60	225	.5	.586	.038
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	40.7	13.0	.23	16	32	42	50	60	200	.9	.298	.071
NSSE 2013 & 2014	41.5	12.4	.03	18	34	43	50	60	173	.1	.916	.007
Top 50%	44.0	11.4	.05	22	38	46	52	60	63,626	-2.4	.006	207
Top 10%	46.0	11.6	.10	24	40	48	55	60	13,321	-4.4	.000	380
Supportive Environment												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 175$ )	35.6	14.0	1.06	10	26	35	45	60				
Peers	35.3	13.9	.35	13	25	35	45	60	1,762	.2	.844	.016
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	36.2	14.2	.26	13	25	38	45	60	3,094	6	.593	042
NSSE 2013 & 2014	37.3	13.8	.03	15	28	38	48	60	162,305	-1.7	.098	125
Top 50%	39.4	13.2	.05	18	30	40	50	60	83,253	-3.8	.000	289
Top 10%	41.4	12.8	.10	20	33	40	53	60	18,307	-5.8	.000	451

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 \* SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Colorado State University-Pueblo

### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

Mean 42.0 41.1 42.0 41.2 43.3 45.3	<i>SD</i> <sup>b</sup> 14.7 14.6 14.3 14.1 13.7 13.6	SEM <sup>c</sup> 1.08 .27 .22 .03	5th 15 15 20	25th 30 30	50th 40	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
42.0 41.1 42.0 41.2 43.3 45.3	14.7 14.6 14.3 14.1 13.7	1.08 .27 .22	15 15	30		75th	95th	Jreedom	aıjj.	Sig."	size
41.1 42.0 41.2 43.3 45.3	14.6 14.3 14.1 13.7	.27 .22	15		40						
41.1 42.0 41.2 43.3 45.3	14.6 14.3 14.1 13.7	.27 .22	15		40						
41.1 42.0 41.2 43.3 45.3	14.6 14.3 14.1 13.7	.27 .22	15			55	60				
42.0 41.2 43.3 45.3	14.3 14.1 13.7	.22		30	40	55	60	3,192	.9	.409	.063
41.2 43.3 45.3	14.1 13.7		20	35	40	55	60	4,318	.0	.967	.003
43.3 45.3	13.7	.05	20	30	40	55	60	273,001	.8	.437	.05
45.3		.04	20	35	40	55	60	108,520	-1.2	.223	090
,	15.0	.08	20 20	40	45	60	60	26,857	-3.2	.001	23
38.7	14.0	1.02	17	29	37	50	60				
38.1	13.0	.23	17	29	37	49	60	3,316	.6	.519	.04
39.8	13.1	.20	20	31	40	51	60	4,485	-1.1	.260	084
				29	40	49					01
											18
43.1	12.5	.08	20	34	43	54	60	189	-4.4	.000	34
41.9	14.4	1.07	20	33	40	53	60				
								3.001	.4	.707	.02
											.00
											.10
											04
44.9	14.1	.08	20	33	47	60	60	34,179	-3.0	.005	21
32.0	18.0	1.33	0	20	33	40	60				
29.4	17.3	.31	0	20	27	40	60	3,259	2.6	.048	.15
						40					.14
						40					.11
											.03
33.0	16.9	.08	0	20	33	47	60	42,254	-1.1	.392	06
33.3	14.6	1.06	10	25	35	40	60				
						40		3.314	1.4	.175	.10
						40					.07
											.05
											15
37.7	13.6	.08	15	30	40	50	60	28,577	-4.5	.000	32
42.8	17.4	1.27	15	30	45	60	60				
42.1	16.1	.30	15	30	40	60	60	209	.6	.628	.03
40.6	16.4	.26	15	30	40	60	60		2.1	.086	.12
41.8	16.1	.03	15	30	40	60	60	187		.474	.05
				35		60					07
											201
	38.1 39.8 38.9 41.1 43.1 41.9 41.5 41.8 40.3 42.5 44.9 32.0 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.9 31.3 33.0 33.3 31.8 32.1 32.4 35.4 37.7 42.8 42.1 40.6	38.7       14.0         38.1       13.0         39.8       13.1         38.9       13.0         41.1       12.6         43.1       12.5         41.9       14.4         41.5       14.8         41.8       14.6         40.3       14.8         42.5       14.5         44.9       14.1         32.0       18.0         29.4       17.3         29.9       17.4         31.3       17.2         33.0       16.9         33.3       14.6         31.8       14.0         32.1       14.8         32.4       14.6         31.8       14.0         32.1       14.8         32.4       14.6         35.4       13.8         37.7       13.6         42.8       17.4         42.8       17.4         42.8       17.4         42.8       17.4         43.9       15.8	38.7 $14.0$ $1.02$ $38.1$ $13.0$ $.23$ $39.8$ $13.1$ $.20$ $38.9$ $13.0$ $.02$ $41.1$ $12.6$ $.04$ $43.1$ $12.5$ $.08$ $41.9$ $14.4$ $1.07$ $41.5$ $14.8$ $.23$ $40.3$ $14.8$ $.03$ $42.5$ $14.5$ $.04$ $44.9$ $14.1$ $.08$ $32.0$ $18.0$ $1.33$ $29.4$ $17.5$ $.27$ $29.9$ $17.4$ $.03$ $31.3$ $17.2$ $.04$ $33.0$ $16.9$ $.08$ $32.1$ $14.8$ $.23$ $32.4$ $14.6$ $.03$ $35.4$ $13.8$ $.04$ $37.7$ $13.6$ $.08$ $42.8$ $17.4$ $1.27$ $42.1$ $16.1$ $.30$ $40.6$ $16.4$ $.26$ $41.8$ $16.1$ $.03$ $43.9$ $15.8$ $.04$	38.7 $14.0$ $1.02$ $17$ $38.1$ $13.0$ $.23$ $17$ $39.8$ $13.1$ $.20$ $20$ $38.9$ $13.0$ $.02$ $17$ $41.1$ $12.6$ $.04$ $20$ $43.1$ $12.5$ $.08$ $20$ $41.9$ $14.4$ $1.07$ $20$ $41.5$ $14.8$ $.28$ $20$ $41.5$ $14.8$ $.23$ $20$ $40.3$ $14.8$ $.03$ $13$ $42.5$ $14.5$ $.04$ $20$ $44.9$ $14.1$ $.08$ $20$ $32.0$ $18.0$ $1.33$ $0$ $29.4$ $17.5$ $.27$ $0$ $29.9$ $17.4$ $.03$ $0$ $31.3$ $16.9$ $.08$ $0$ $33.0$ $16.9$ $.08$ $0$ $32.1$ $14.8$ $.23$ $10$ $32.4$ $14.6$ $.03$ $10$ $32.4$ $14.6$ $.03$ $10$ $35.4$ $13.8$ $.04$ $15$ $37.7$ $13.6$ $.08$ $15$ $42.8$ $17.4$ $1.27$ $15$ $42.1$ $16.1$ $.30$ $15$ $41.8$ $16.1$ $.03$ $15$ $43.9$ $15.8$ $.04$ $20$	38.7 $14.0$ $1.02$ $17$ $29$ $38.1$ $13.0$ $.23$ $17$ $29$ $39.8$ $13.1$ $.20$ $20$ $31$ $38.9$ $13.0$ $.02$ $17$ $29$ $41.1$ $12.6$ $.04$ $20$ $31$ $43.1$ $12.5$ $.08$ $20$ $34$ $41.9$ $14.4$ $1.07$ $20$ $33$ $41.5$ $14.8$ $.28$ $20$ $33$ $41.5$ $14.8$ $.03$ $13$ $27$ $42.5$ $14.5$ $.04$ $20$ $33$ $40.3$ $14.8$ $.03$ $13$ $27$ $42.5$ $14.5$ $.04$ $20$ $33$ $44.9$ $14.1$ $.08$ $20$ $33$ $32.0$ $18.0$ $1.33$ $0$ $20$ $29.4$ $17.5$ $.27$ $0$ $20$ $29.9$ $17.4$ $.03$ $0$ $20$ $31.3$ $17.2$ $.04$ $0$ $20$ $33.0$ $16.9$ $.08$ $0$ $20$ $31.3$ $14.6$ $1.06$ $10$ $25$ $31.8$ $14.0$ $.25$ $10$ $20$ $32.1$ $14.8$ $.23$ $10$ $20$ $32.4$ $14.6$ $.03$ $10$ $20$ $32.4$ $13.8$ $.04$ $15$ $30$ $42.8$ $17.4$ $1.27$ $15$ $30$ $41.8$ $16.1$ $.03$ $15$ $30$ $41.8$ $16.1$ $.03$ $15$ <	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



### Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Colorado State University-Pueblo

### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mea	in statist	ics		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Co	Comparison results		
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 179$ )	28.3	16.0	1.19	5	15	25	40	60				
Peers	23.1	16.2	.29	0	10	20	35	55	3,252	5.2	.000	.320
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	26.3	17.0	.26	0	15	25	40	60	4,398	2.0	.128	.116
NSSE 2013 & 2014	23.7	16.3	.03	0	10	20	35	60	278,101	4.5	.000	.278
Top 50%	29.5	16.1	.06	5	20	30	40	60	67,192	-1.3	.292	079
Top 10%	34.4	16.4	.17	10	20	35	45	60	9,292	-6.1	.000	374
Effective Teaching Practices												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 188$ )	41.4	14.3	1.04	16	32	40	56	60				
Peers	41.3	14.0	.25	16	32	40	52	60	3,293	.1	.939	.006
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	41.2	14.2	.22	16	32	40	52	60	4,451	.1	.898	.010
NSSE 2013 & 2014	40.9	13.7	.03	16	32	40	52	60	281,020	.4	.666	.032
Top 50%	43.0	13.6	.04	20	36	44	56	60	100,861	-1.7	.088	124
Top 10%	45.1	13.4	.10	20	36	48	60	60	17,237	-3.8	.000	281
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 184$ )	42.9	11.7	.86	24	34	44	53	60				
Peers	43.6	11.6	.22	22	38	45	52	60	2,894	7	.420	061
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	43.8	11.7	.19	22	38	46	52	60	3,953	9	.303	078
NSSE 2013 & 2014	42.5	11.9	.02	20	36	44	50	60	249,875	.4	.640	.035
Top 50%	45.3	11.3	.04	24	38	48	54	60	87,518	-2.3	.005	207
Top 10%	47.4	11.6	.08	24	40	50	58	60	23,535	-4.4	.000	381
Supportive Environment												
CSU-Pueblo ( $N = 186$ )	32.4	14.3	1.05	10	23	33	43	60				
Peers	32.5	14.5	.28	10	23	33	43	60	2,888	1	.912	008
IPEDS/Carnegie Class	33.4	14.5	.24	10	23	33	43	60	3,888	-1.0	.353	070
NSSE 2013 & 2014	33.3	14.4	.03	10	23	33	43	60	246,111	8	.428	058
Top 50%	36.1	13.8	.04	13	28	38	45	60	103,531	-3.7	.000	265
Top 10%	39.0	13.3	.10	17	30	40	50	60	17,538	-6.5	.000	490

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 \* SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.