

Program: President's Leadership Program

Date: June 1, 2014

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Please complete this form for each undergraduate, minor, certificate, and graduate program (e.g., B.A., B.S., M.S.) in your department. Please copy any addenda (e.g., rubrics) and paste them in this document, and submit it to the dean of your college/school as per the deadline established. The dean will forward it to me as an email attachment before June 2, 2014. You'll also find the form at the assessment website at <http://www.colostate-pueblo.edu/Assessment/ResultsAndReports/Pages/default.aspx>.

Please describe the 2013-2014 assessment activities for the program in Part I. Use Column H to describe improvements planned for 2014-2015 based on the assessment process. In Part II, please describe activities engaged in during 2013-2014 designed to close-the-loop (improve the program) based on assessment activities and the information gathered in 2012-2013. Thank you.

I. Program student learning outcomes (SLOs) assessed in this cycle, processes, results, and recommendations.

A. Which of the program SLOs <b>were assessed</b> during this cycle? Please include the outcome(s) verbatim from the assessment plan.	B. When was this SLO last <b>assessed</b> ? Please <b>indicate</b> the <b>semester</b> and year.	C. What method was used for assessing the SLO? Please include a copy of any rubrics used in the <b>assessment process</b> .	D. Who was <b>assessed</b> ? Please fully describe the student group(s) and the number of students <b>or artifacts</b> involved.	E. What is the expected <b>achievement</b> level and <b>how many</b> or what proportion of students should be at it?	F. What were the results of the <b>assessment</b> ?	G. What were the <b>department's conclusions about student performance</b> ?	H. What changes/improvements to the <u>program</u> are planned based on this <b>assessment</b> ?
<b>Self Leadership:</b> PLP scholars will understand, synthesize, and evaluate their	Fall 2012	<b>Portfolios from US 260/US 460 classes. Rubrics attached.</b>	<b>Graduating seniors (460) in Leadership Studies minor (N=10);</b>	<b>90% will meet or exceed minimum level of performance.</b>	<b>9/10 seniors met or exceeded the minimum level of</b>	<b>Seniors were at varied levels of performance, but showed improvement from US 260 portfolio - written</b>	<b>Assessment plan did not utilize an oral presentation component which should be added in 2014-15. Sophomore instructor and intern</b>

personal readiness for leadership by communicating effectively through written and oral means as measured by course assignments and a final portfolio.			Sophomores in LS minor (N=13)	(See rubric)	performance. 1 student was borderline. 12/13 sophomores met or exceeded minimum level. 1 student did not.	work still needs practice and further attention in future semesters. Sophomores (with 1 exception) were very strong in both written and oral presentations. Seniors were evaluated on both written and oral presentation scales adapted by the program.	established an exemplary oral presentation piece which may have strengthened oral presentations among students. For assessment purposes, sophomores were not evaluated on an oral standard.
Civic Engagement: PLP scholars will understand and demonstrate the importance of civic engagement and community activism as measured through volunteerism, community and campus service, team projects and class assignments.	Fall 2012	Portfolios from US 260/460 classes, plus self-reported community service tracking forms. Oral presentations during Fall 2013.	Seniors (N=10); Sophomores (N=13), plus anecdotal evidence from student interviews.	90% will meet or exceed minimum level of performance. (See rubric)	10/10 seniors met or exceeded minimum level of performance via internship placements. 7/10 received exemplary reviews from supervisors. 12/13 sophomores met or exceeded minimum levels of performance.	Seniors need further direction about reporting on and reflecting their experiences so that supervisors may also better evaluate scholar experiences. Sophomores selected excellent shadow placements and took experiences seriously. Panel feedback was handled well.	Provide students with more detailed pre-placement advice so that "realities" of civic engagement are in place more quickly-allowing professionals to better utilize placements. All students need to develop their reflective skills to make the connections between theory and practice.

Comments: A strong sophomore class, with some experimental activities, allowed this cohort to develop their experiences-and their portfolios-more readily. A US 260 grading rubric-aligned with the US 460 rubric-helped prepare students for reporting and reflection. We need to focus further on the reflection component.

II. Follow-up (closing the loop) on results and activities from previous assessment cycles. In this section, please describe actions taken during this cycle that were based on, or implemented to address, the results of assessment from previous cycles.

A. What SLO(s) did you address? Please include the outcome(s) verbatim from the assessment plan.	B. When was this SLO last assessed? Please indicate the semester and year.	C. What were the <b>recommendations for change</b> from the previous assessment?	D. Were the <b>recommendations for change</b> acted upon? If not, why?	E. What were the results of the changes? If the changes were not effective, what are the next steps or the new recommendations?
Self-leadership and Civic Engagement. See above.	Fall2012	Separating grading rubrics from program assessment rubrics.	Yes.	As noted earlier, more attention to reflection and experiential education guidelines will strengthen the self-leadership aspects as well as the preparation for more active civic engagement. Also see note below.

Comments: PLP has vigorously supported experiential education throughout the nearly 15 years of leadership studies, therefore, PLP programming and course work will continue to support the civic engagement outcomes by utilizing the EE programming initiatives set up for 2014-15. We also recommend that all PLP courses have a specific assessment activity that can be evaluated from scholar to scholar and cohort to cohort. Thus, each scholar will be "assessed" in every class in specific ways.

## Leadership Studies Program Assessment Rubric 2013-14

### CSU-Pueblo President's Leadership Program

Factor	5 - Outstanding	4- Very good	3 - Adequate	2- Needs attention	1 - Not acceptable
Self-Leadership	Demonstrates self-leadership skills daily and continually works to improve, knowing that "leading oneself" involves both the utilization of behavioral and mental techniques. Is committed to personal and Professional competence.	Applies the concept of «Leading from the inside out" by applying the skills learned and demonstrating them on a regular basis in their own personal life to become a better leader for others.	Recognizes the value and skills involved in self-leadership and applies certain aspects, but does not go "above and beyond" in applying or committing to personal and professional competence.	Recognizes the value and skills involved in self-leadership, but does not actively work to develop or apply those concepts in his or her own life.	Has begun to understand the concept of self-leadership, but does not recognize how it applies to him or herself.
Ethics	Recognizes that ethical issues when presented in a complex, multi layered (grey) context AND can recognize cross relationships among the issues.	Recognizes important ethical issues when issues are presented in a complex, multilayered (grey) context OR can grasp cross relationships among the issues.	Recognizes obvious ethical issues and grasps the complexities or inter relationships among the issues.	Recognizes basic and obvious ethical issues and grasps (incompletely) the complexities or inter-relationships among the issues.	Recognizes basic and obvious ethical issues but fails to grasp complexity or inter relationships.
Leadership theory	Connects and extends knowledge (facts, theories, etc.) from one's own academic study/field/discipline to civic engagement and to one's own participation in civic life, politics, and government.	Analyzes knowledge (facts, theories, etc.) from one's own academic study/field/discipline making relevant connections to civic engagement and to one's own participation in civic life, politics, and government.	Is able to connect knowledge (facts, theories, etc.) from one's own study/field/discipline to civic engagement and starts to shape his/her own participation in civic life, politics, and government.	Begins to connect knowledge (facts, theories, etc.) from one's own academic study/field/discipline to civic engagement and to one's own participation in civic life, politics, and government.	Begins to identify knowledge (facts, theories, etc.) from one's own academic study/field/discipline that is relevant to civic engagement and to one's own participation in civic life, politics, and government.
Critical thinking	Accurately interprets evidence, statements, graphics, questions, etc. Identifies the salient	Accurately interprets evidence, statements, graphics, questions, etc. Identifies relevant	Begins to correctly interpret evidence, statements, graphics, questions, etc.	Misinterprets evidence, statements, graphics, questions, etc. Fails to identify strong,	Offers biased interpretations of evidence, statements, graphics, questions, information or

	arguments (reasons and claims) pro and con. Thoughtfully analyzes and evaluates major alternative points of view. Draws warranted, judicious, non-fallacious conclusions. Justifies key results and procedures, explains assumptions and reasons.	arguments (reasons and claims) pro and con. Offers analyses and evaluations of obvious alternative points of view. Draws warranted, non-fallacious conclusions. Justifies some results or procedures, explains reasons.	Starts to identify strong, relevant counter-arguments. Begins to evaluate obvious alternative points of view. Understands what warranted or correct conclusions are. Begins to see how one justifies results or procedures, starts to explain reasons.	relevant counter-arguments. Ignores or superficially evaluates obvious alternative points of view. Draws unwarranted or fallacious conclusions. Justifies few results or procedures, seldom explains reasons.	the points of view of others. Fails to identify or hastily dismisses strong, relevant counter-arguments. Ignores or superficially evaluates obvious alternative points of view. Argues using fallacious or irrelevant reasons, and unwarranted claims. Does not justify results or procedures, nor explain reasons.
Problem solving	Achieves, clear, unambiguous conclusions from the data. Employs creativity in the search for a solution. Recognizes and values alternative problem solving methods, when appropriate.	Focuses on difficult problems with persistence. Can work independently with confidence. Sees the real world relevance of problem. Provides a logical interpretation of the data.	Focuses on more complex problems with persistence. Can work under supervision with confidence. Begins to see the real world relevance of problem. Understands examples of a logical interpretation of data.	Begins to identify problem types. Relies on standardized solution methods, rather than guesswork or intuition. Understands the level of complexity of a problem.	Cannot identify problem types. Relies on guesswork or intuition rather than standardized solutions. Does not understand the level of complexity of a problem.
Civic engagement	Provides evidence of experience in civic engagement activities and describes what she/he has learned about her or himself as it relates to a reinforced and clarified sense of civic identity and continued commitment to public action.	Provides evidence of experience in civic engagement activities and describes what she/he has learned about her or himself as it relates to a growing sense of civic-identity and commitment.	Understands that involvement in civic engagement activities is generated from a sense of civic-identity, not so much from course requirements	Assumes that involvement in civic engagement activities is generated from expectations or course requirements rather than from a sense of civic-identity.	Provides little evidence of her/his experience in civic-engagement activities and does not connect experiences to civic-identity.